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## TRINIDAD.

*Plague officially announced.*

Acting Vice-Consul Moffat reports, September 30:

There have been 2 deaths from plague, 1 on September 26 and 1 on September 28, both occurring in the same house. They were officially announced on September 30. Both cases were in the persons of employees of a large department store in Port of Spain, working in the department for handling sole leather, which is reported to have come from Venezuela.

Eight contacts were taken to the isolation camp for observation.

## VENEZUELA.

*Plague at Caracas.*

Acting Vice-Consul Moffat at Trinidad, late consul at La Guaira, reports, September 28:

Letters received here from Caracas state that bubonic plague is still prevalent in that city. Recent advices from Caracas state that plague is general in all sections of that city to an alarming extent.

October 17, the following information was received from the Department of State:

This department is in receipt of a dispatch, dated October 4, from Mr. John Brewer, in charge of the archives of the legation of the United States at Caracas, reporting as follows on the bubonic plague epidemic in that city:

Period September 22–October 4, 1908. New cases, 2; death, 1; patients in hospital, 9; date of last case taken to hospital, October 2.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND  
CITIES—UNTABULATED.

ARGENTINA—*Rosario de Santa Fe*.—Month of July, 1908. Estimated population, 154,663. Total number of deaths, 294, including diphtheria 3, enteric fever 6, whooping cough 1, scarlet fever 1, and 37 from tuberculosis.

BORNEO—*Sandakan*.—Month of July, 1908. Estimated population, 10,495. Total number of deaths, 33, including beriberi 10, tuberculosis 2, and 3 from enteric fever.

BRAZIL—*Ceara*.—Month of August, 1908. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 79, including enteric fever 4, whooping cough 3, and 18 from tuberculosis.

*Bahia*.—Month of August, 1908. Estimated population, 265,000. Total number of deaths, 425, including smallpox 7, enteric fever 1, yellow fever 2, plague 2, and 60 from tuberculosis.

*Pernambuco*.—Two weeks ended August 31, 1908. Estimated population, 210,000. Total number of deaths, 319, including diphtheria 1, smallpox 37, leprosy 1, and 56 from tuberculosis.

*São Paulo, Santos, and Campinas.*—Week ended September 6, 1908. Estimated population, 300,000. Total number of deaths, 187, including measles 6, diphtheria 2, smallpox 10, whooping cough 1, and 15 from tuberculosis.

CANADA—*British Columbia—Vancouver.*—Month of September, 1908. Estimated population 60,100. Total number of deaths, 51, including enteric fever 1, whooping cough 1, diphtheria 1, and 6 from tuberculosis.

FRANCE—*Calais.*—Month of September, 1908. Estimated population, 80,000. Total number of deaths, 97, including 16 from tuberculosis.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales.*—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended September 26, 1908, correspond to an annual rate of 13.2 per 1,000 population, which is estimated at 16,234,952.

*London.*—One thousand two hundred and twenty-five deaths were registered during the week, including measles 13, scarlet fever 3, diphtheria 13, enteric fever 10, whooping cough 8, tuberculosis 125, and 98 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 13.3 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,666 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 1 from measles, 2 from scarlet fever, 2 from diphtheria, 1 from whooping cough, and 18 from diarrhea.

*Salford.*—Week ended September 26, 1908. Estimated population, 239,294. Total number of deaths, 92, including diphtheria 3, scarlet fever 1, diarrhea 10, whooping cough 1, and 1 from enteric fever.

*Ireland.*—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended September 26, 1908, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 16.4 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,131,959. The lowest rate was recorded in Dundalk, viz, 4.0, and the highest in Limerick, viz, 30.1 per 1,000.

*Scotland.*—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended September 26, 1908, correspond to an annual rate of 13.5 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,839,038. The highest rate of mortality was recorded in Dundee, viz, 16.4, and the lowest in Leith, viz, 9.9 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 475, including diphtheria 8, enteric fever 2, measles 1, scarlet fever 2, whooping cough 9, and 35 from diarrhea.

HONDURAS—*San Pedro.*—Six months ended September 19, 1908. Estimated population, 7,400. Total number of deaths, 55, including whooping cough 1, and 2 from tuberculosis.

ITALY—*Genoa.*—Month of August, 1908. Estimated population, 279,163. Total number of deaths, 392, including 48 from tuberculosis.

MALTA.—Three weeks ended September 19, 1908. Estimated population, 209,974. Total number of deaths, 285, including enteric fever 3, scarlet fever 1, diphtheria 1, and 14 from tuberculosis.

MEXICO—*Manzanillo*.—Month of September, 1908. Estimated population, 1,742. Total number of deaths, 7, including 1 from tuberculosis.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—*Manila*.—Quarter ended June 30, 1908. Estimated population, 223,542. Total number of deaths of residents, 1,937, including cholera 2, diphtheria 2, enteric fever 18, leprosy 8, measles 1, whooping cough 3, beriberi 116, and 295 from tuberculosis. The number of deaths occurring among transients was 115, including cholera 2, enteric fever 1, smallpox 6, beriberi 6, and 14 from tuberculosis.

SOCIETY ISLANDS—*Tahiti*.—Five weeks ended September 23, 1908. Estimated population, 4,000. Total number of deaths, 9, including enteric fever 1, diphtheria 1, and 2 from tuberculosis.

WEST INDIES—*Samana*.—Month ended September 26, 1908. Estimated population, 3,500. Total number of deaths, 8, including relapsing fever 5, and 3 from tuberculosis.

*Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, from June 27 to October 23, 1908.*

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from American consuls, through the Department of State, and from other sources.]

[For reports received from December 27, 1907, to June 26, 1908, see PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS for June 26, 1908.]

[NOTE.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

#### CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Austria:				
Ostrowo .....	Sept. 8 .....	76	39	
Tarnopol .....	Sept. 14 .....	1	1	
Ceylon, general .....	May 17-23 .....	33	22	20 cases in the asylum for the insane.
China:				
Colombo .....	June 7-Aug. 15 .....	33	22	
Amoy (Kulangsu) .....	July 26-Sept. 7 .....		31	
Canton .....	June 21-27 .....			Present.
Hankau .....	July 19-Sept. 12 .....	20	14	Among foreigners.
Do .....	July 19-Aug. 18 .....	10,790	1,397	Among natives.
Hanyang .....	July 27-Aug. 18 .....		200	
Hongkong .....	June 14-Sept. 5 .....	42	46	
Shanghai .....	Aug. 17-Sept. 1 .....			Present, and in vicinity.
Wuchang .....	Aug. 5-18 .....		2,140	100 cases in military encampment.
India:				
Bombay .....	May 20-Sept. 22 .....		25	
Calcutta .....	May 10-Sept. 12 .....		290	On ss. Annie, en route May 23-June 1, 2 deaths.
Kurrachee .....	Aug. 8-Sept. 4 .....		26	
Madras .....	May 16-Sept. 18 .....		856	
Rangoon .....	May 17-Sept. 12 .....		59	
Indo-China:				
Bien Hoa .....	June 21-27 .....	60	59	
Cholen .....	May 10-Aug. 15 .....	160	156	
Saigon .....	May 10-Aug. 8 .....	94	65	Reports May 23 and June 6 include Cholen.
Japan:				
Awaji Island—				
Yura .....	Sept. 1-5 .....	7	6	Sept. 12. Epidemic.
Chiba ken .....	Jan. 1-Sept. 5 .....	3		
Ehime ken .....	Jan. 1-Sept. 5 .....	1		
Kanagawa ken .....	Jan. 1-Sept. 5 .....	3		
Kawasaki .....	Aug. 23 .....	1		
Kure .....	Aug. 15 .....			Present on steamer from Calcutta.